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## CONVERSION OF A DISUSED EARTH SATELLITE STATION FOR RADIO ASTRONOMY : STRUCTURE AND CONTROL SYSTEM – KUNTUNSE STATION , GHANA

PRESENTER: Japie Ludick – May 2019, Hartebeesthoek



AFRICAN  
VLBI NETWORK

# CONTENTS

- Background (History/Characteristics)
- Radio Astronomy versus Telecoms
- Conversion Process
- Major Modifications
- Performance Predictions
- Performance Checks
- Questions

# BACKGROUND

## History

- Kuntunse Antenna (25 km North West of Accra, Ghana)
- Built in 1979 – TIW Systems (Vertex – GDSatcom)
- One of 9 similar antennas around the world (INTELSAT)
- Out of service since 2009 (Vodafone)
- Identified as suitable conversion in 2012

# BACKGROUND



# BACKGROUND

## Antenna Characteristics

- 220 Ton wheel and track, Beam Wave Guide
- 32m Diameter (F/D = 0.32)
- Elevation operational range 5 to 90 deg
- Azimuth (-8 to 327 deg wrt N)
- Dual drive on sector gear (elevation)
  - Elevation slew rate ( 0.27 deg/s @ motor rated speed)
- Dual drive on wheel/track (azimuth)
  - Azimuth slew rate (0.29 deg/s @ motor rated speed)
- Max operational wind speed (80mph)
- Survival at stow (120 mph)

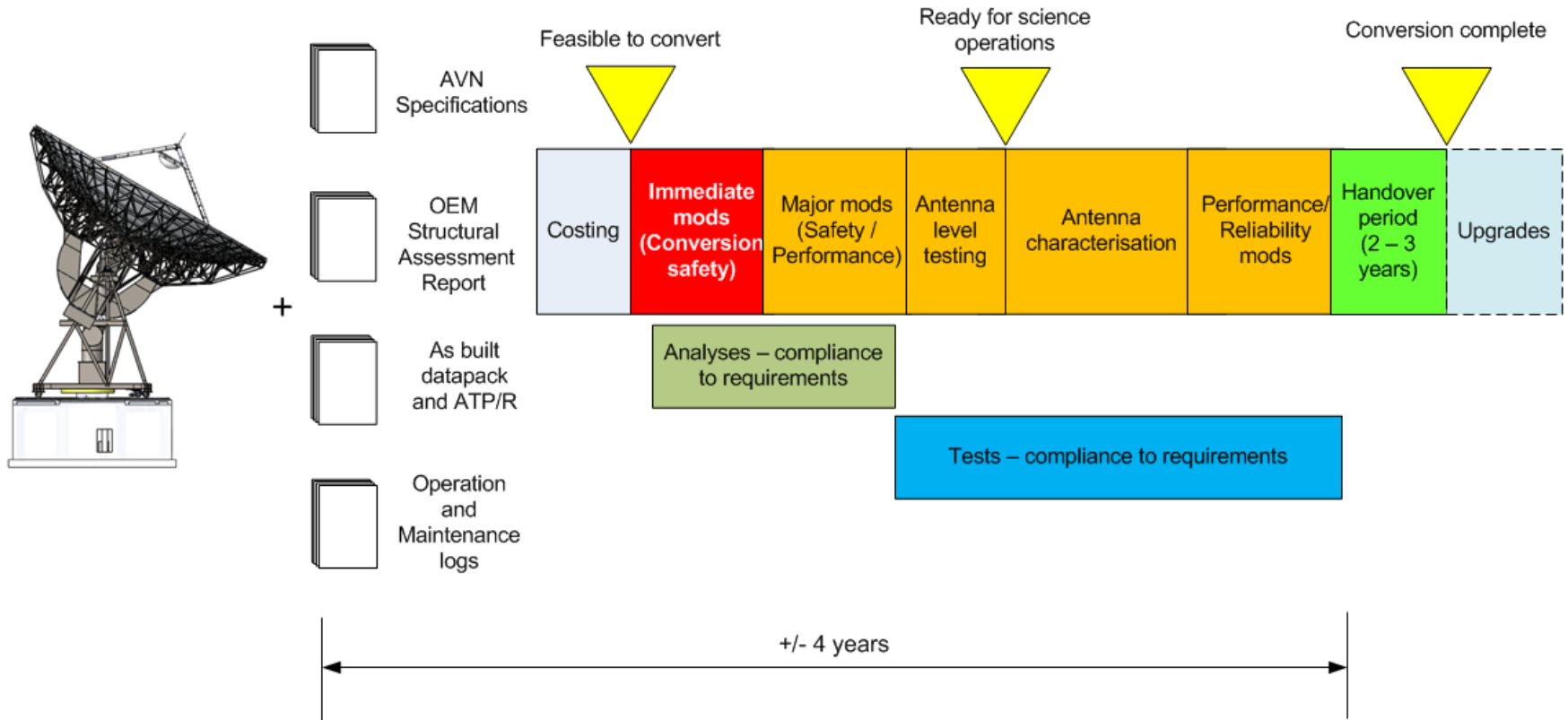
# RADIO ASTRONOMY vs. TELECOMS

Feature	Original Specification	Deterioration	AVN Specification at 6.7GHz	Modification(s)
Main reflector surface accuracy @ 60°	0.12 mm RMS	Damage/repairs/removals	2.5mm RMS ( $\eta = 0.4$ )	Holography measurements + subreflector adjustments
Elevation slew rate	0.27°/s	N/A	0.27°/s	Servo motors (0.38°/s max)
Azimuth slew rate	0.29°/s	N/A	0.29°/s	Servo motors (0.41°/s max)
Lifetime	30 years	38 years (8 years non operational)	15 years since conversion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrosion treatment</li> <li>• Repainting of entire structure</li> <li>• Pintle bearing pad upgrade/replacement</li> <li>• Updated maintenance schedule/training/reporting</li> </ul>

# RADIO ASTRONOMY vs. TELECOMS

	Original Specification	Deterioration	AVN Specification at 6.7 GHz	Modification(s)
Duty cycle	Geostationary satellite	Virtually stationary	Radio-astronomy – 500,000 cycles (VLBI + Single dish HartRAO)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Quad leg / subreflector support replacement</li> <li>- Azimuth pintle bearings – intermediate</li> <li>- Azimuth pintle bearings permanent</li> </ul>
Azimuth Range	+/-170° from due South		-8° CCW / 327° CW from North	+/- 305° from West
Pointing accuracy	0.0025°	Track level?	0.0018°	Antenna Steering Control System (including track level compensation)
Tracking accuracy	N/A	Track level?	0.0048° RMS (Initial)	Antenna Steering Control System (including track level compensation )

# CONVERSION PROCESS





# Feasibility

## Main Drivers

### Antenna Safety

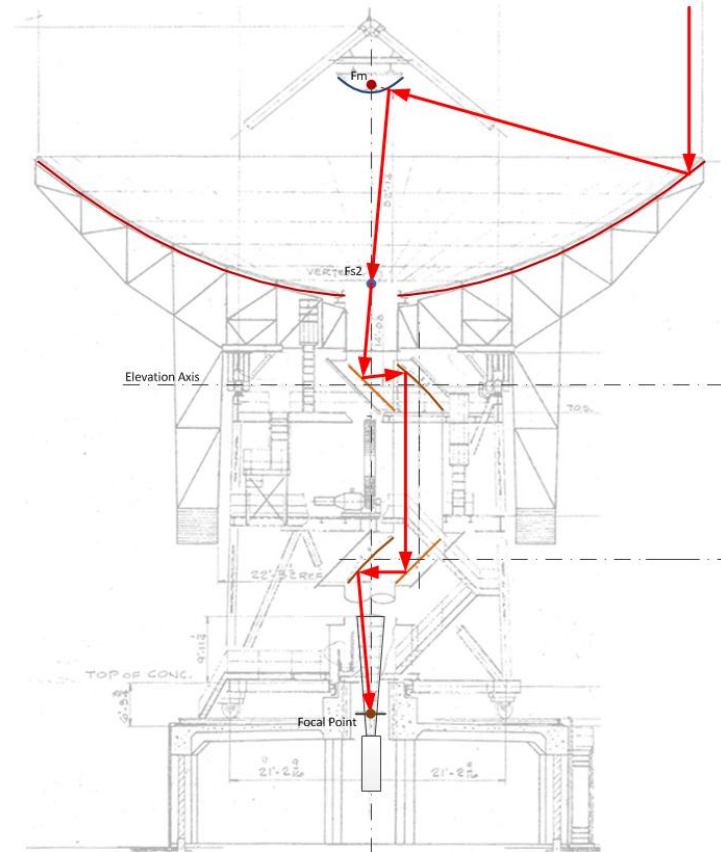
- Primary Structure / Reference
- Energy absorbing systems
- Control system

### Antenna Performance

- Surface accuracy of reflector system (Main and subreflector)
- Optical alignment (Main/sub/BWG mirrors)
- Pointing performance
- Tracking performance

### Antenna lifetime/reliability

- Maintenance / Spares / Support



# Feasibility

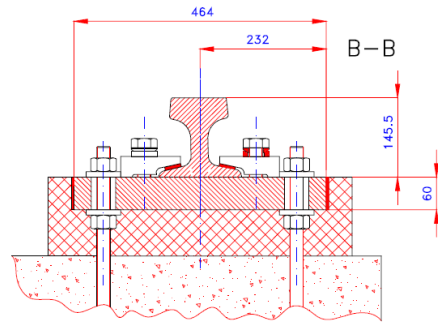
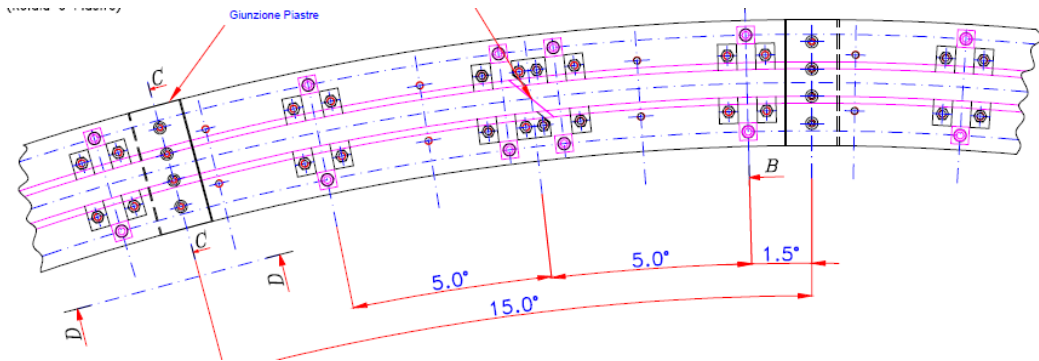
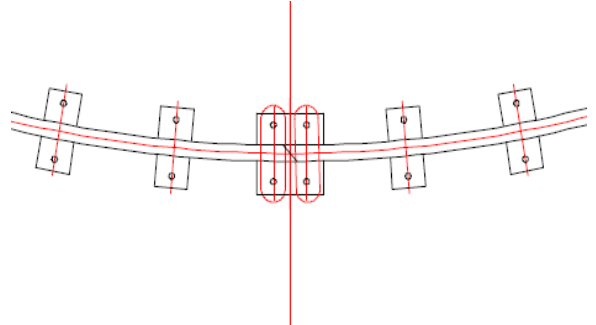
Main drivers – Condition of Track and Track Bed

- Track segments – fatigue cracks (+/- 2 million wheel rotations – Medicina)
- Track bed configuration plays a major role



# Feasibility

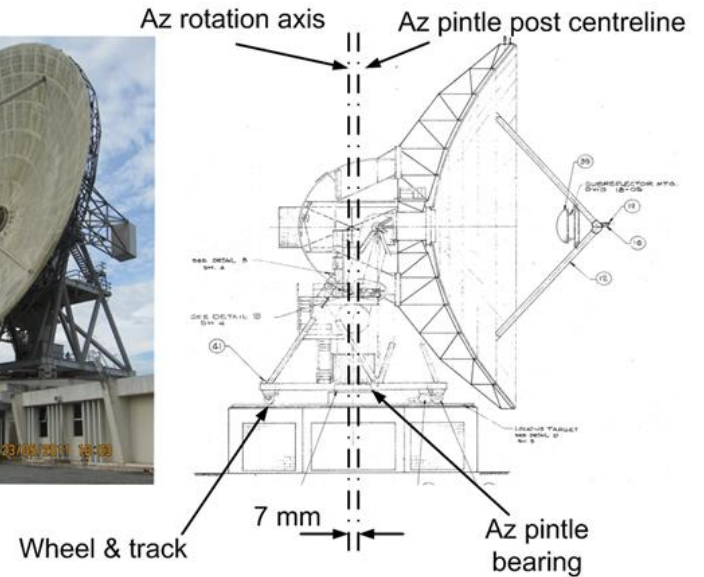
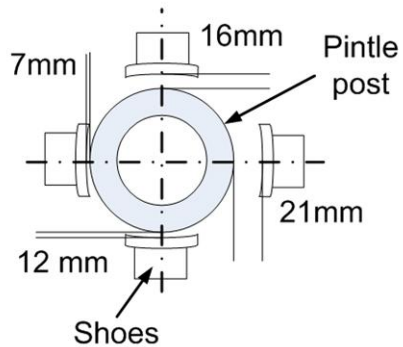
Main drivers – Condition of Track and Track Bed



# Feasibility

Main drivers – Azimuth Pintle Bearing

Unconventional pintle bearing – 4 pintle “shoes”



# Feasibility

Main drivers – Corrosion of primary structure

- Long term structural integrity as well as integrity during conversion



# Feasibility

Main drivers – Condition of main reflector and subreflector surfaces

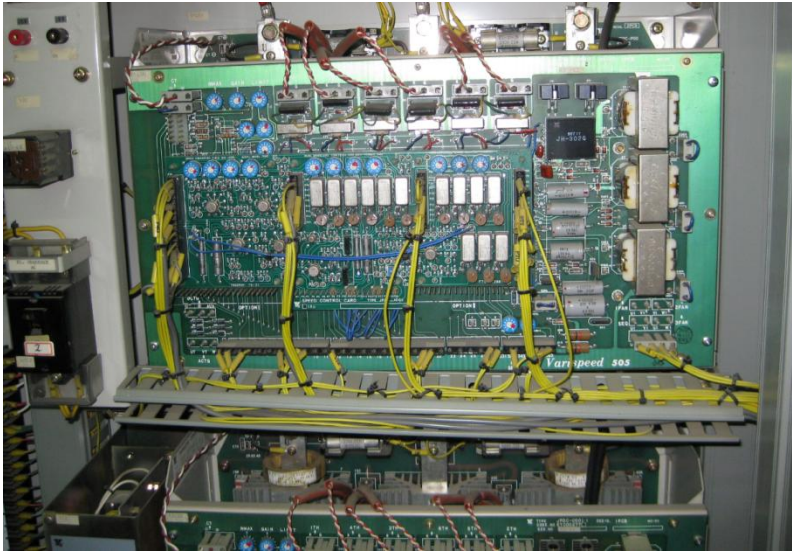
- Adjustment ?



# Feasibility

Main drivers – Antenna Steering Control System

- Performance / Maintainability / Support ?



# Performance predictions

## Pointing / Tracking

- Two types of error sources
  - Correlated errors: Errors which can be predicted by analysis and which are repeatable
  - Random errors: Errors which we only know the range (min, max) of
- Compensation
  - Repeatable errors can be compensated for (pointing model)
  - Some random errors can be eliminated / minimised (e.g. drive train backlash)
- Pointing error budget – summation of correlated and random errors based on analyses/simulation to predict subsystem error.
- Tracking – ADAMS/Simulink co-simulation

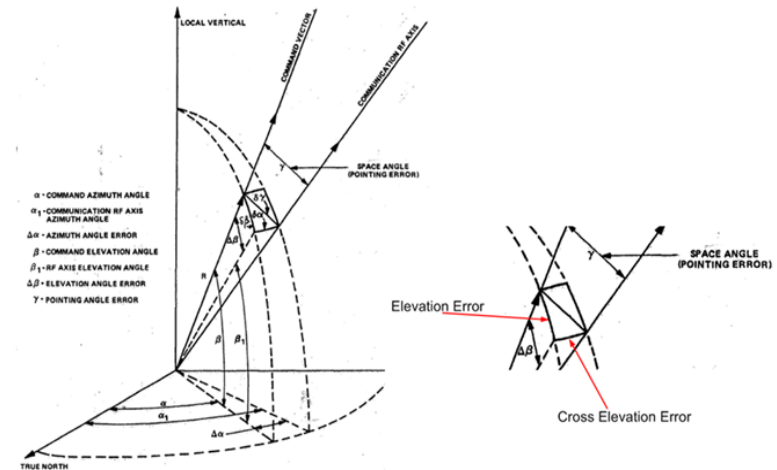
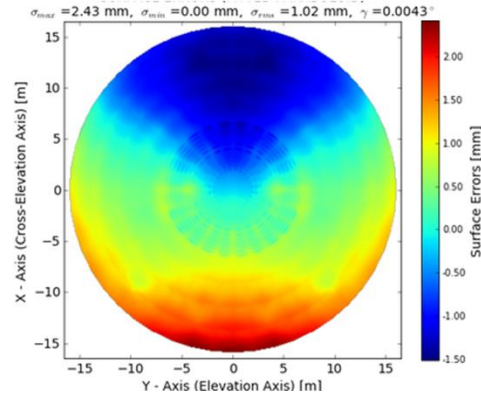
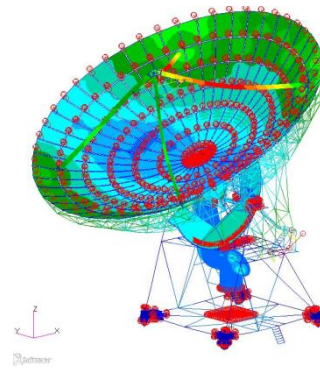
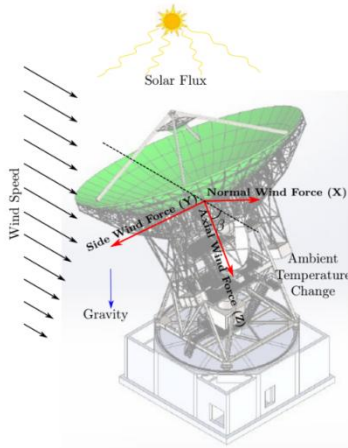
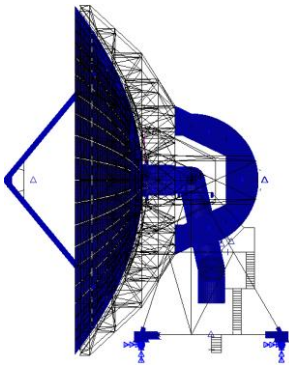
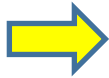
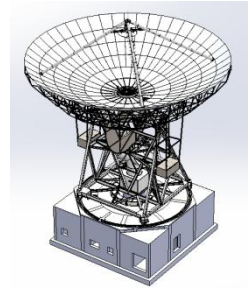
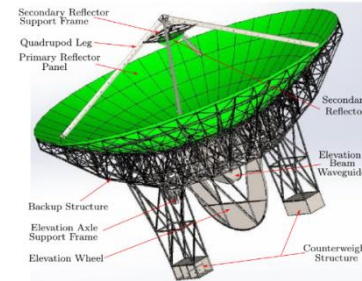
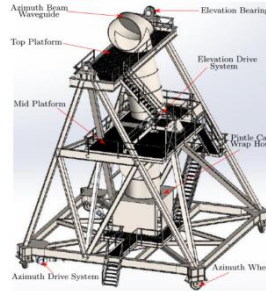
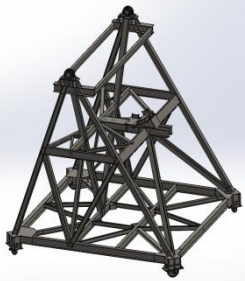
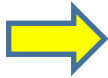
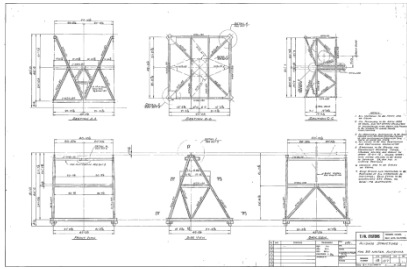


Figure 1: Pointing Error Definition



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

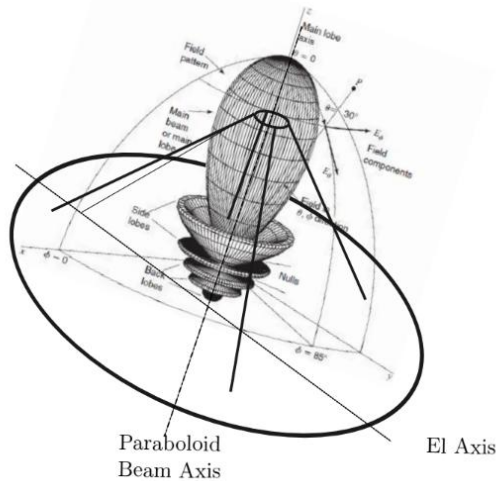
- Performance predictions (Pointing error)



# Performance predictions

## Pointing error (Antenna Structure level)

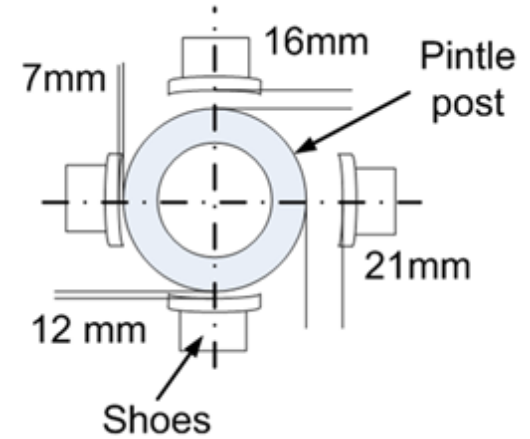
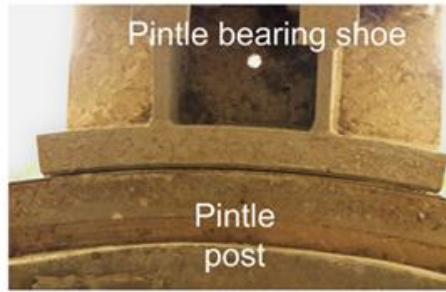
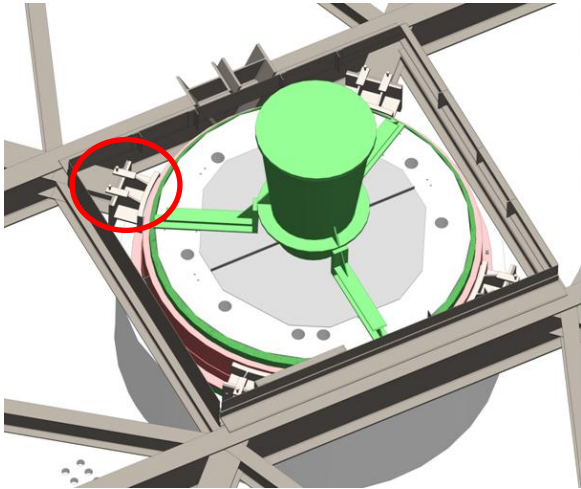
- Initial operations will be at 5.6 – 6.7 GHz (HPBW = 0.0096 deg)



Pointing error budget				El = 0°, Az = 0°			
				Elevation Error		Cross Elevation Error	
Error definition	S	C	arcsec	deg		deg	
<b>Correlated errors</b>			W/O	W/O	W	W/O	W
RF axis collimation	RSS	C	14	0.0039	0.0004	0.0039	0.0004
Orthogonality refl/ EL axis	RSS	C	60			0.0167	0.0000
Orthogonality EL/AZ axis	RSS	C	10			0.0000	0.0000
Orthogonality AZ/track plane	RSS	C	7	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001
Thermal (8K)	RSS		7.56	0.0021	0.0021	0.0021	0.0021
Gravity	A	C	5.76	0.0016	0.0002		
Wind deflection at 19 km/h (constant wind)	A		5.76	0.0016	0.0016		
<b>Sum of Correlated errors/axis</b>				0.0081	0.0041	0.0174	0.0024
<b>Total correlated pointing error</b>				Tot (W/O)		0.0191	
				Tot (W)		0.0047	
<b>Random errors</b>							
Drive train backlash	RMS	C	30	0.0083	0	0.0083	0
Encoder shaft deflection	RMS		1.1	0.00029	0.00029	0.0003	0.0003
Encoder accuracy	RMS		5	0.0014	0.0014	0.0014	0.0014
Azimuth Encoding Error (Wheel slip/Conc)	RMS	C	20*			0.0056	0.0044
Control loop	RMS		+/- 5	0.0010	0.0010	0.0014	0.0014
<b>Sum of random errors</b>				0.0043	0.0009	0.0046	0.0022
<b>Total random pointing error</b>				Tot (W/O)		0.0062	
				Tot (W)		0.0023	
<b>Total Error (W/O)</b>						0.0254	
<b>Total Error (W)</b>						0.0071	

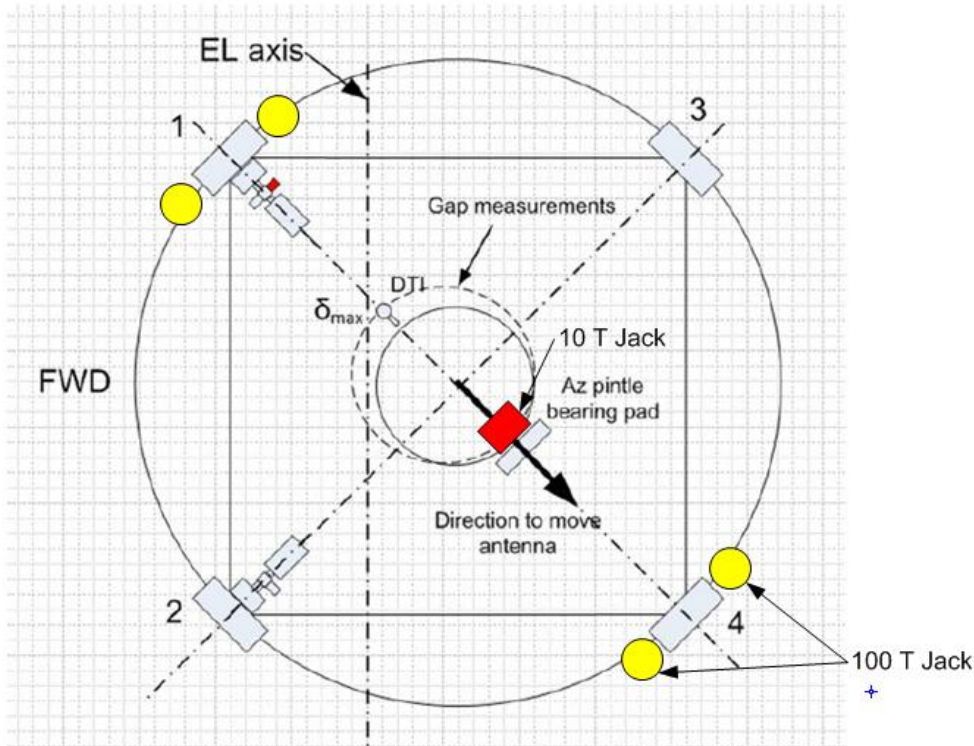
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Unconventional pintle bearing – 4 pintle “shoes”



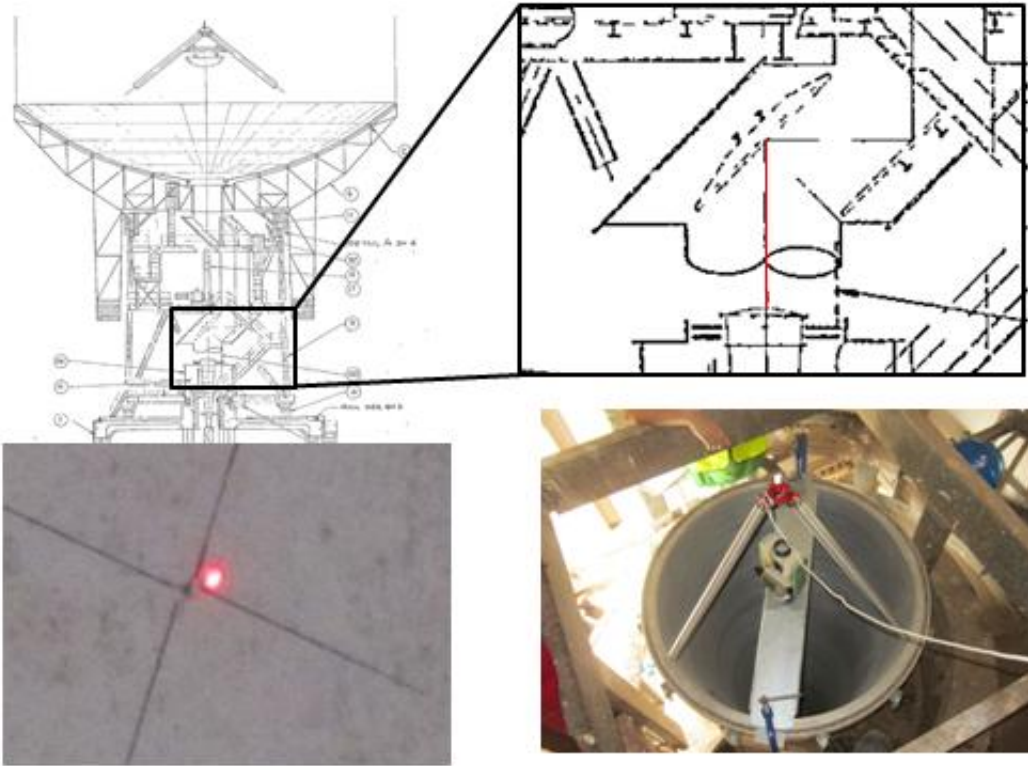
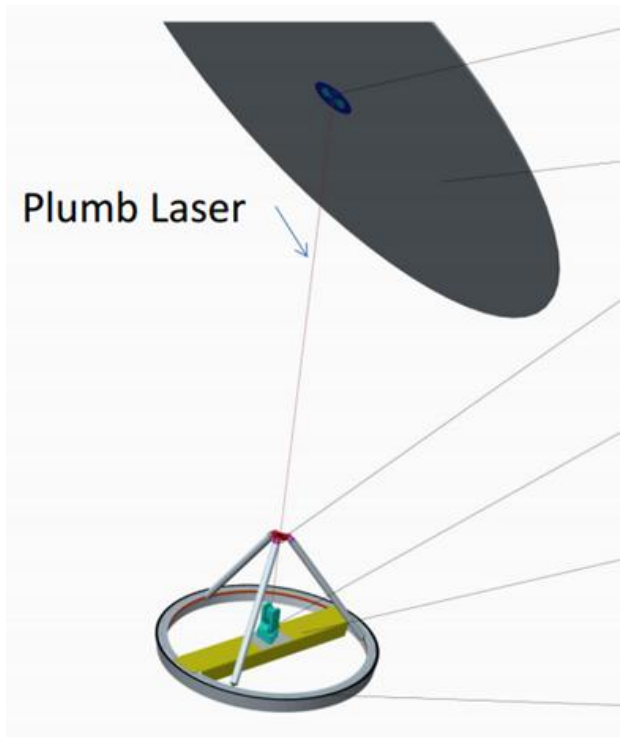
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Antenna Centring



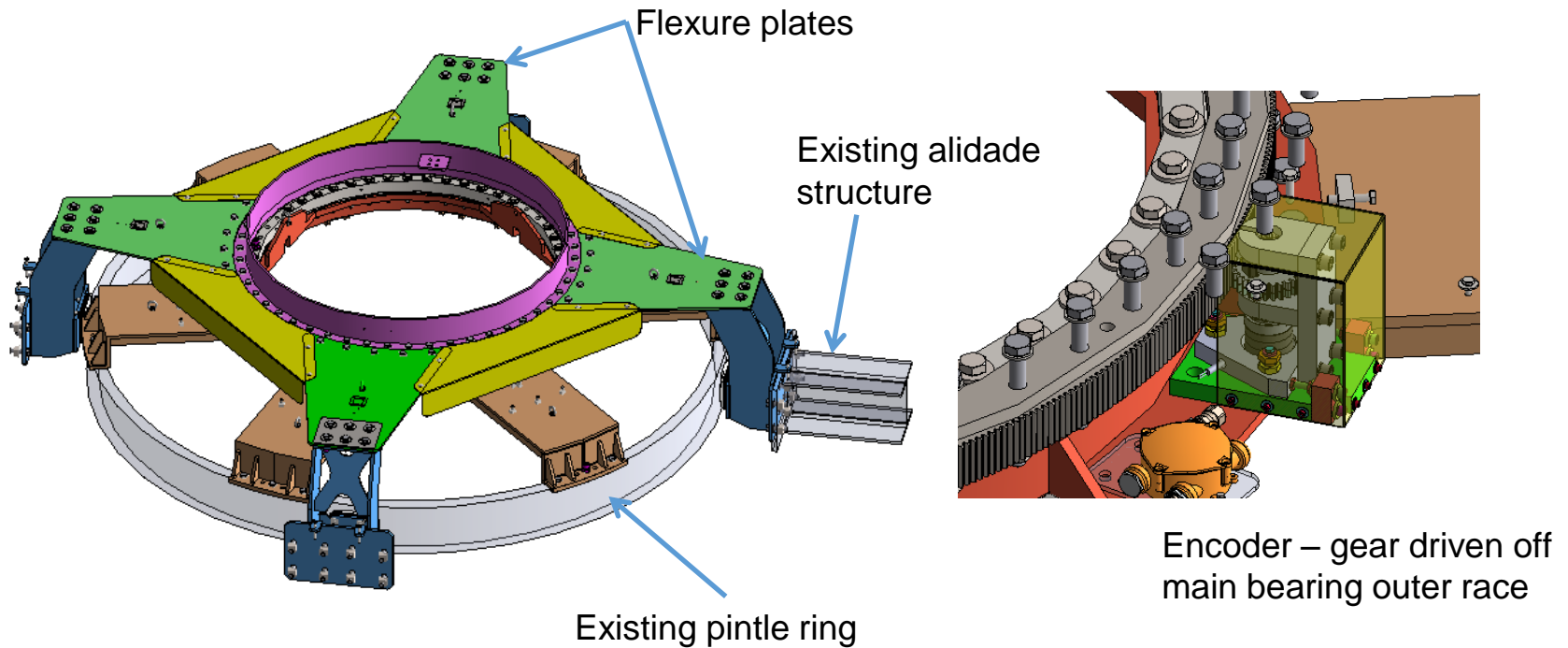
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Antenna Centring



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Long term – Azimuth Bearing/Encoder



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Shock absorber / structure replacement



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

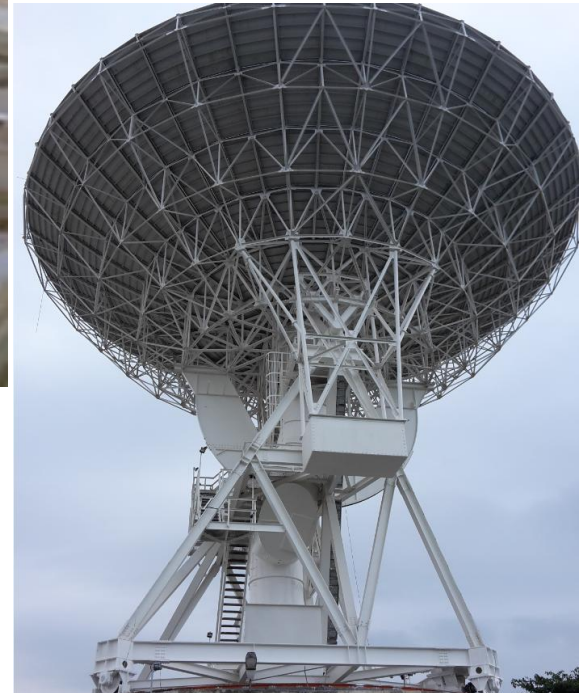
- Corrosion treatment and re-painting
- Stripped down to bare metal at corroded areas
- Pre-primed (Al filled epoxy Interseal 670 HS ) – bare metal areas
- Primed (Al filled epoxy paint – Interseal 670 HS) – everywhere
- Intermediate coat (Epoxy – Interseal 670 unfilled) – everywhere
- Top coat (Polyurethane Interthane 990 )
- +/- 2400 Liters of paint ( 4 months – crew of 10 people)





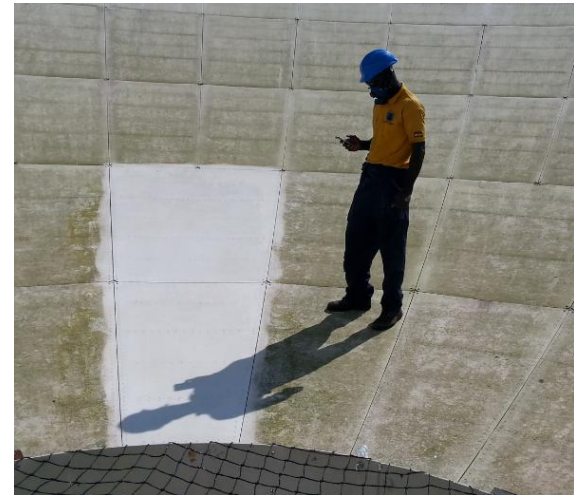
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Corrosion treatment and re-painting



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Fungus growth



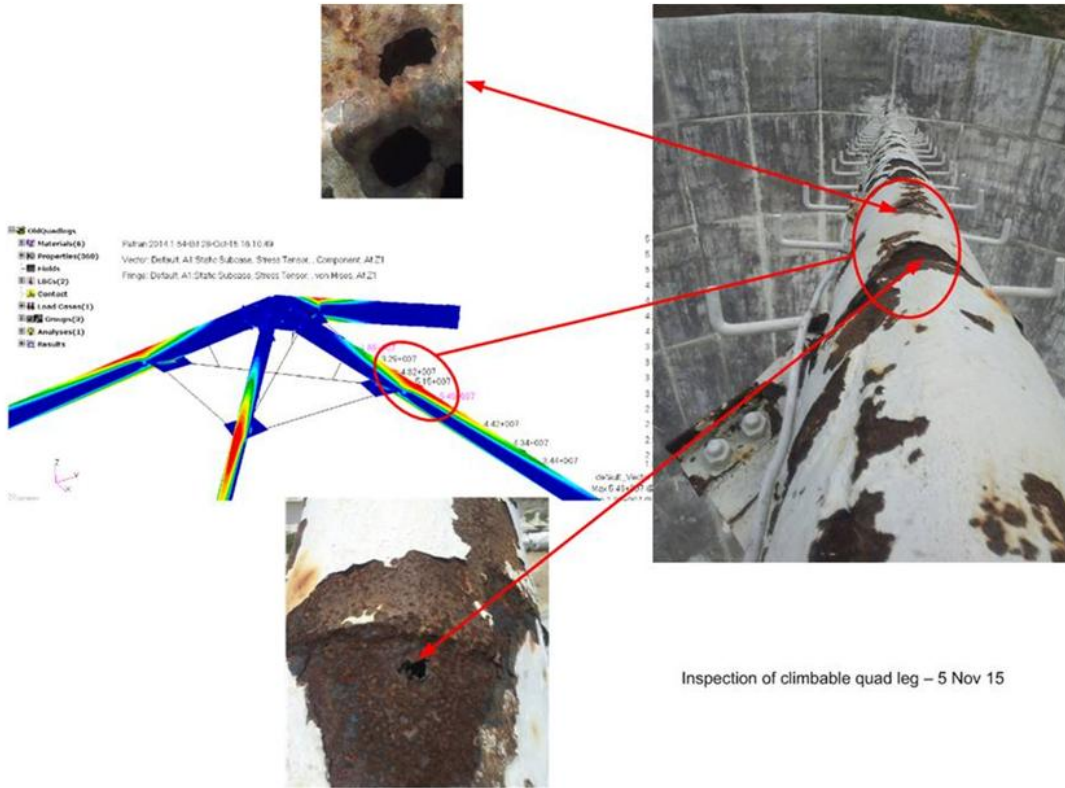
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Quad leg structure / subreflector support frame

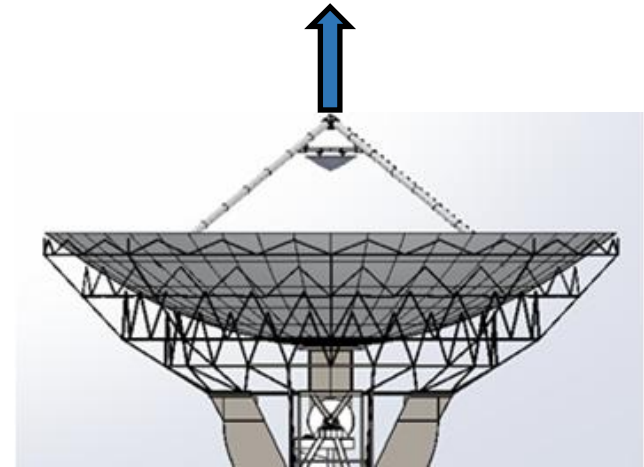


# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Quad leg structure / subreflector support frame

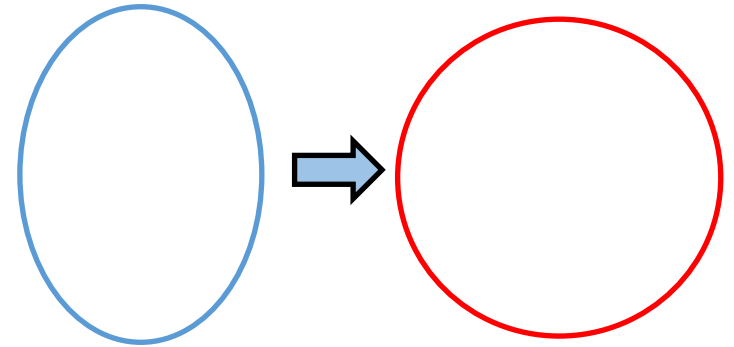


Inspection of climbable quad leg – 5 Nov 15



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

Quad leg structure / subreflector support frame

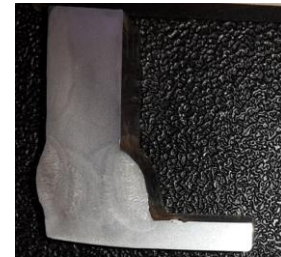
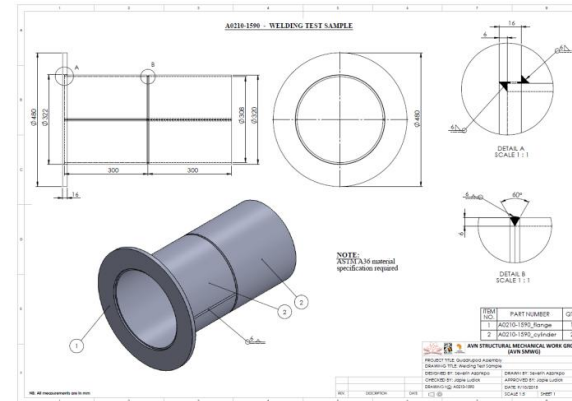


# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

## Quad leg structure / subreflector support frame

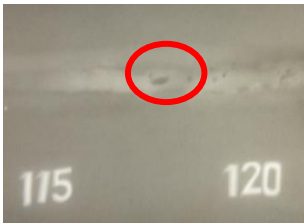
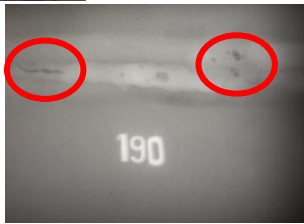
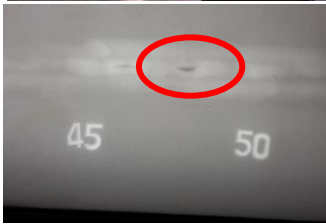
### Quality Measures

- Material Certification (South Africa)
- On site - weld process recording
- Welder certification to AWS D1.1
- 100% X-ray inspection (circular welds)
- 10% X-ray inspection (longitudinal welds)
- 100% dye penetrant (pipe to flange / gussets) – AWS certificated weld visual inspection
- +/- 400m of welding



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS


- Welder training intervention



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Quad leg structure / subreflector support frame



SKA AFRICA SQUADRE KILOMETRE ARRAY		WELDER PERFORMANCE QUALIFICATION		RTECH	
P.O. No.:		Title:			
Ref.:		EPRK. No.:			
<b>General</b>					
Employer:	Square Kilometre Array (SKA Africa)			Welder:	S. Saad
Designation:	Welder	Identity No.:	G1155703		
Identification Method:	Passport	Stamp Number:	SS		
Date Of Birth:	26-Nov-79	Certification No.:	16018730		
Place of Birth:	Accra				
Job Knowledge:	Not tested				
Code / Testing Standard:	AWS D1.1 - 2015				
<b>WELDING DETAILS</b>					
Welding Process:	SMAW				
Process Type:	Manual				
WPS Followed:	WPS SKA001W Rev. 0				
Material 1:	ASTM A36				
Thickness:	5.0 mm				
Material 2:	ASTM A36				
Thickness:	5.0 mm				
<b>VARIABLES</b>		<b>ACTUAL VALUE</b>		<b>QUALIFICATION RANGE</b>	
Backing:	SMART-Rigone	SMART-Rigone	SMART-Rigone with or without backing only		
Material Group-No.:	Group 1	Group 1	Determine a welders ability to produce sound welds		
Material Group-No.:	Group 1	Group 1	Determine a welders ability to produce sound welds		
Diameter:	None-Plate material	None-Plate material	Plate and pipe 600 mm O/D & above		
Filler SFA & AWS No.:	SFA A5.1 AWS E7018-1	SFA A5.1 & SFA A5.5	SFA A5.1 & SFA A5.5		
Filler Composition:	C/Mn/Si	C/Mn/Si	C/Mn/Si only		
Consumable Insert:	None	None	With or without inserts		
Deposit Thick.Process:	5.0 mm	3.0 to 10.0 mm	CJP & PJP groove welds		
Weld Position:	Flat	Flat only	Flat only CJP & PJP		
Weld Progression:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Backing Gas:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Transfer Mode:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Current Type GTAW:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Polarity GTAW:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Control Method:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Joint Tracking:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Filler added:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Filler Metal Product Form:	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Remarks:	Visual inspection found to be acceptable & welder qualified with radiography examination				
<b>TEST DETAILS</b>					
<b>Bend Test:</b> None	<b>Bend Angle:</b> N/A	<b>Former Size:</b> N/A			
Type	Result	Type	Results		
-					
RADIOGRAPHY TEST:	Par. 4.9.2.2	REPORT NUMBER:	NDIS R7/SKA16/008		
Result:	Acceptable				
FILLET WELD TEST:	N/A				
Fracture Test (1):	N/A				
Fracture Test (2):	N/A				
Defect Length (mm):	N/A				
Defect %:	N/A				
Macro Test Fusion:	N/A				
Appearance Test Fusion:	N/A				
Appearance Fillet Size:	N/A				
Appearance Fillet Size:	N/A				
Convexity (mm):	N/A				
Concavity (mm):	N/A				
<b>CERTIFICATION</b>					
WE CERTIFY THAT THE WELDS WERE PREPARED, WELDED AND TESTED SATISFACTORILY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CODE / TESTING STANDARD INDICATED ABOVE, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE.					
<b>MANUFACTURER</b>			<b>CERTIFIED BY</b>		
Signature	Date	Signature	Date	 2016-03-24 LVUP068	
RTECH Job No.: GR/RS18		RTECH Job No.: GR/RS18		Certificate No.: 16/01/EPS0	



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Quad leg structure - manufacturing



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

- Quad leg structure – manufacturing and QA



# Major Modifications

## Quad leg structure - manufacturing



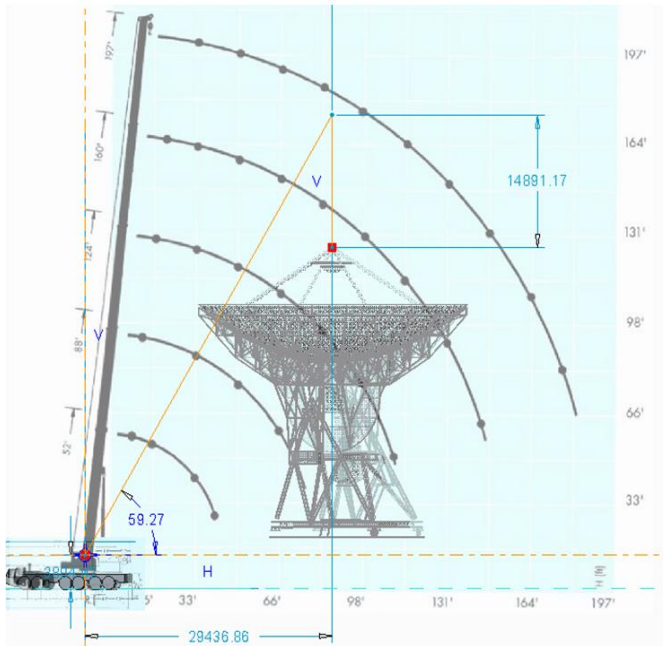
# Major Modifications

Quad legs - installation



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

## Quad leg structure - replacement



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

Quad legs - installation



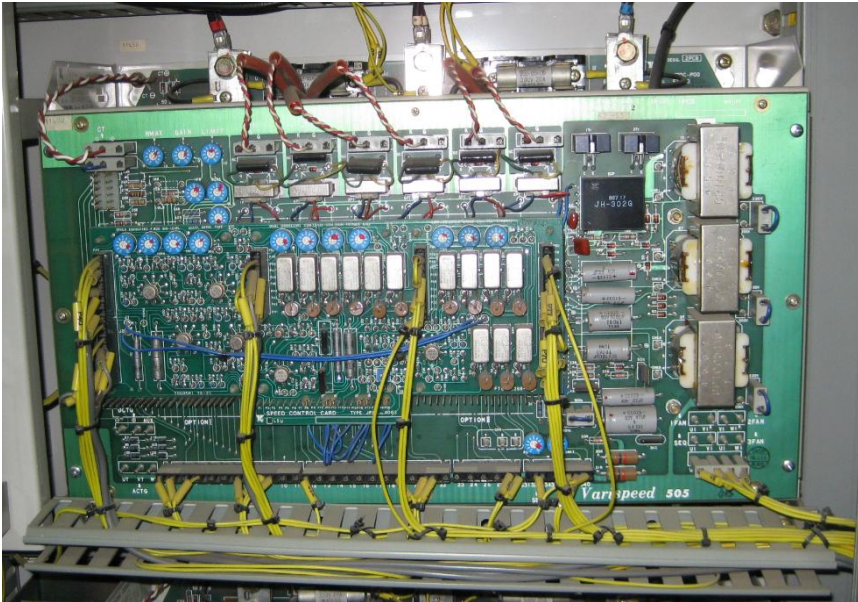
# Major Modifications

Quad legs - installation



# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

## Antenna Steering Controller System (ASCS) - Development





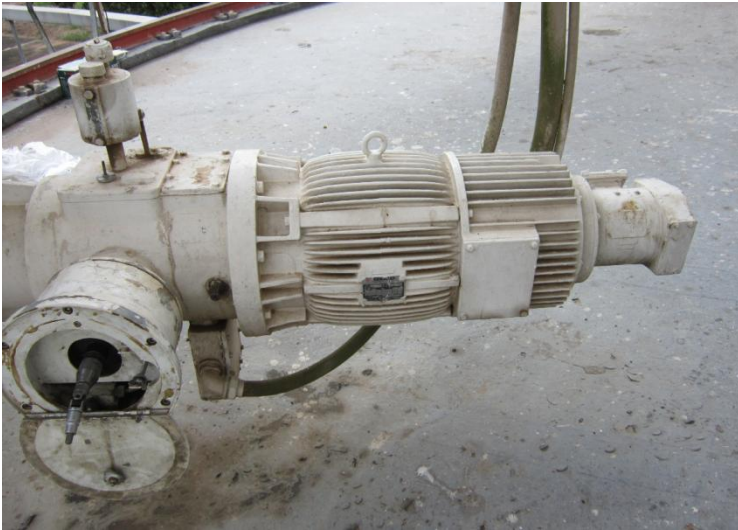
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

ASCS Test rig commissioning and qualification (Cape Town)

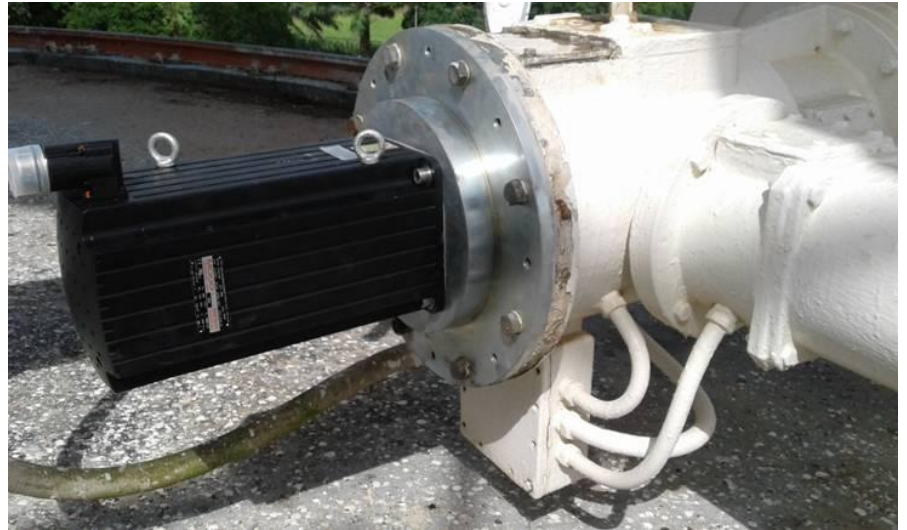


# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

ASCS On site integration



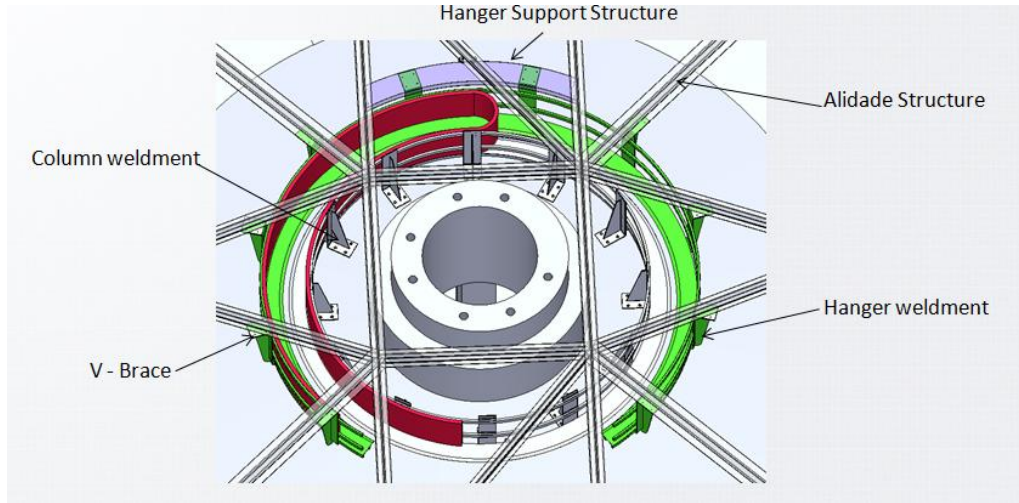
Original DC motor – 450 kg



Servo motor – 50 kg

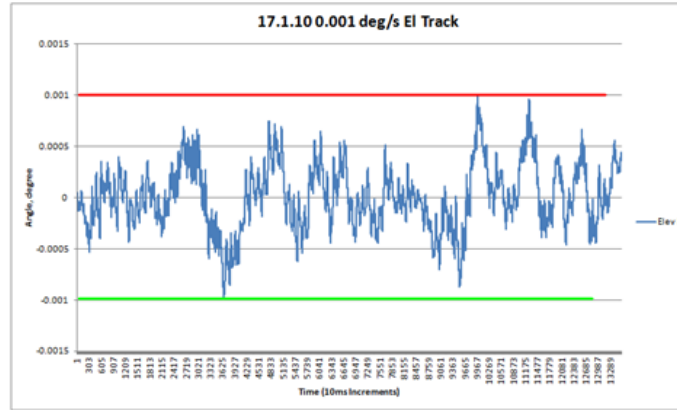
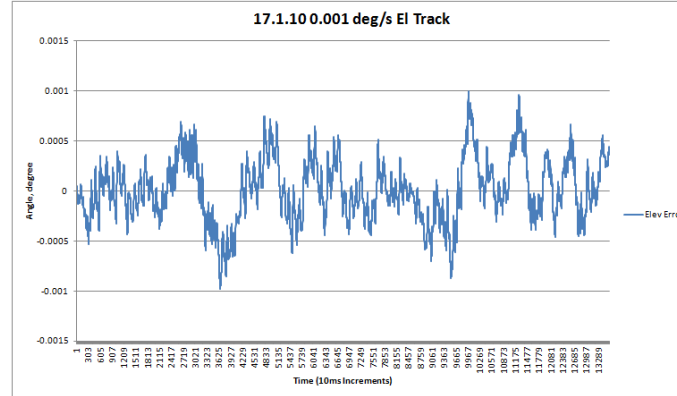
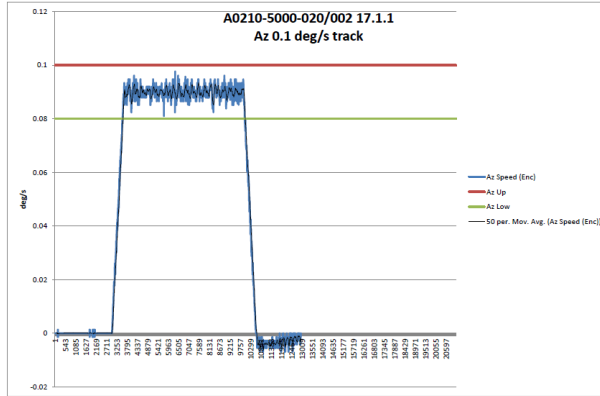
# MAJOR MODIFICATIONS

+/- 305° Azimuth Cable Wrap



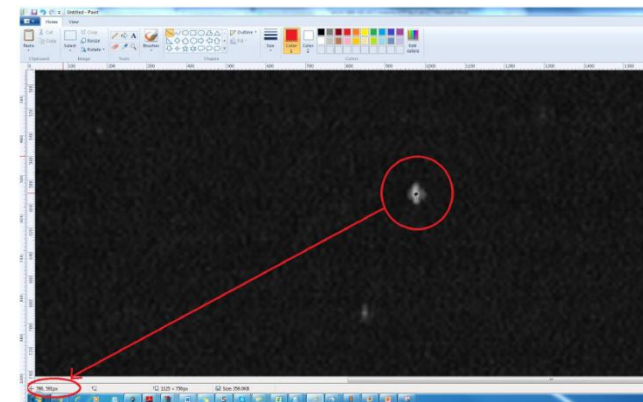
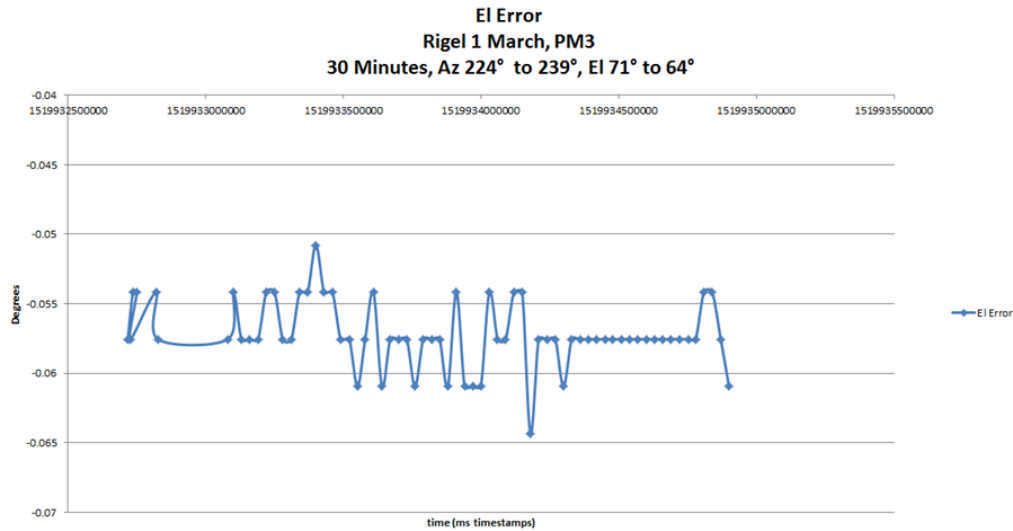
# PERFORMANCE CHECKS

## Tracking – Elevation (Control System Performance)



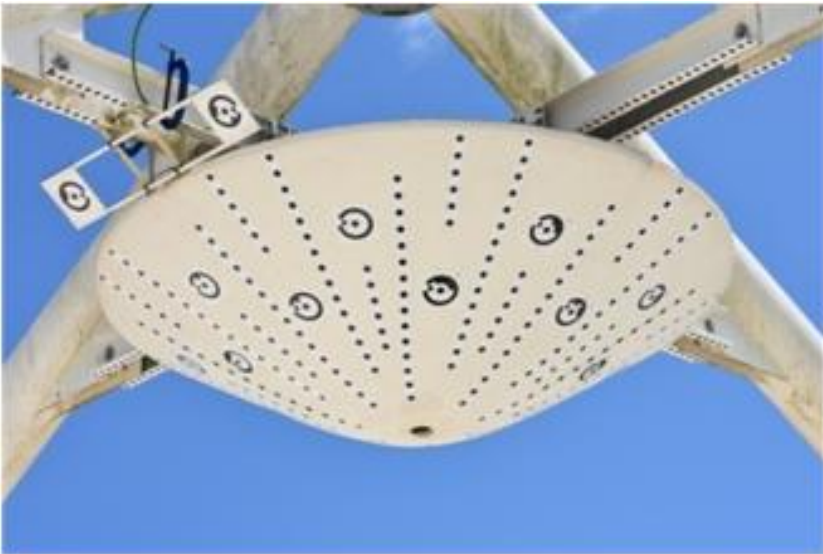
# PERFORMANCE CHECKS

Tracking – Elevation (Control System Performance – including structure deflection)

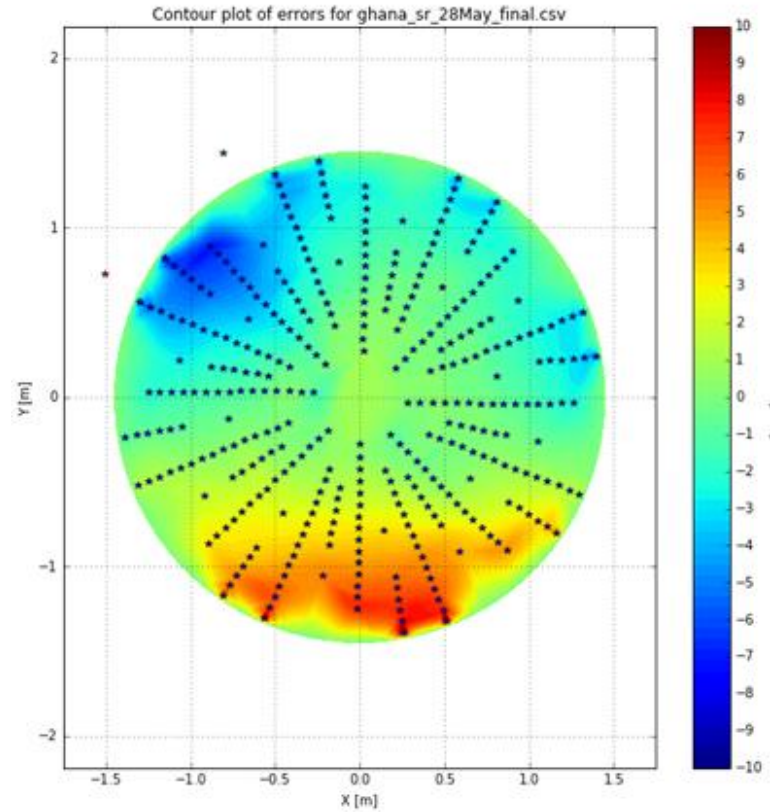


# PERFORMANCE CHECKS

## Photogrammetry

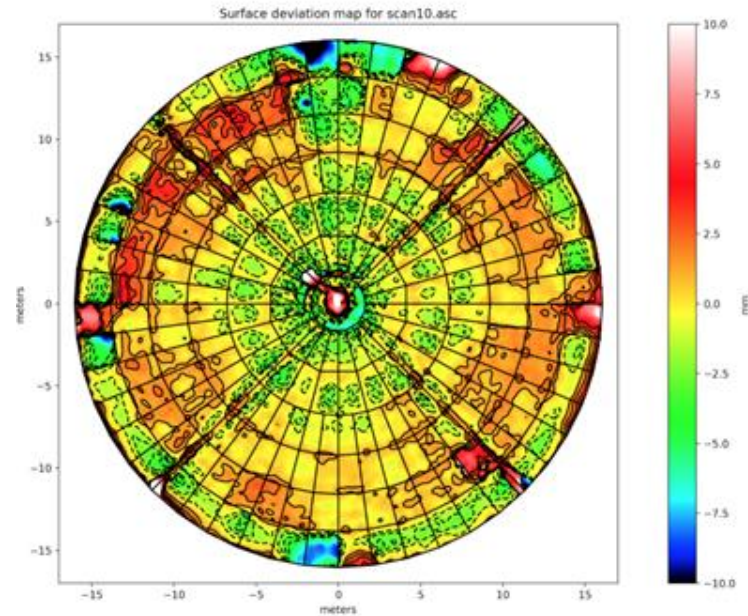
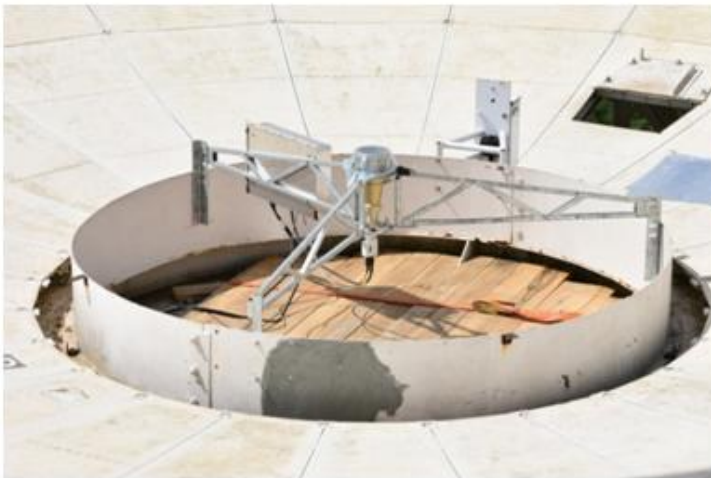


RMS = 2.7mm



# PERFORMANCE CHECKS

## Microwave Holography



- RMS = 1.88mm (Main and subreflector), EL = 80 deg
- Subreflector axial position low by 48mm

# Questions?







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